

# Mystik® Bar and Chain Oil Material Safety Data Sheet

CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210

**MSDS No.** 663605002

**Revision Date** 

4/26/2006

IMPORTANT: Prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200. Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product and pass this information on to employees, customers and users of this product.

# **Emergency Overview**

Physical State Liquid.

Color Blue. Odor Petroleum.

Protect eyes from misting or spraying material.

Protect exposed skin from repeated or prolonged exposure.

Do not store material in open or unmarked containers.

Spills may create a slipping hazard.

# Hazard Rankings

HMIS NFPA
Health Hazard 1 0

Fire Hazard 1 1

**Reactivity** 0 0

\* = Chronic Health Hazard

# **Protective Equipment**

Minimum Recommended See Section 8 for Details



<1



# SECTION 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name Mystik® Bar and Chain Oil Technical Contact (800) 248-4684

Product Number 663605002 Medical Emergency (832) 486-4700

CAS Number Mixture. CHEMTREC Emergency (800) 424-9300

(United States Only)

**Proprietary Mixture** 

Product Family Lubricating Oil

Synonyms Industrial oil; Lubricating oil;

CITGO® Material Code: 663605002

# SECTION 2. COMPOSITION

**Proprietary Ingredients** 

# Component Name(s) CAS Registry No. Concentration (%)

Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic 64741-88-4 40 - 60 Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5 0 - 40Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic 0 - 4064742-53-6 Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined light paraffinic 64741-89-5 <10 Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic 64742-55-8 <2 Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts 68649-42-3 <1 Ethylene/Propylene Copolymer 9010-79-1 <1

# **SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Also see Emergency Overview and Hazard Ratings on the top of Page 1 of this MSDS.

Major Route(s) of Entry Skin contact.

#### Signs and Symptoms of Acute Exposure

**Inhalation** No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure.

Eye Contact This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid sprays

or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling.

**Skin Contact** Skin irritation is not expected from short-term exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can

result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation (dermatitis).

**Ingestion** If swallowed, large volumes of material can cause generalized depression, headache,

drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Smaller doses can cause a laxative effect.

**Chronic Health Effects** 

**Summary** 

This product contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or

oil acne. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oil mists at concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels can cause respiratory irritation or

other pulmonary effects.

**Conditions Aggravated** 

by Exposure

Disorders of the following organs or organ systems that may be aggravated by significant

exposure to this material or its components include: Skin

**Target Organs** May cause damage to the following organs: skin.

Carcinogenic Potential This product is not known to contain any components at concentrations above 0.1% which

are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

OSHA Hazard Classification is indicated by an "X" in the box adjacent to the hazard title. If no "X" is present, the product does not exhibit the hazard as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).									
OSHA Health Hazard Classification				OSHA Physical Hazard Classification					
Irritant Toxic Corrosive		Sensitizer Highly Toxic Carcinogenic		Combustible Flammable Compressed Gas		Explosive Oxidizer Organic Peroxide		Pyrophoric Water-reactive Unstable	

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid. For more specific information, refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 of this MSDS.

**Inhalation** Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause

inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure,

move the person to fresh air.

**Eye Contact** Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while

occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness,

or pain persists.

**Skin Contact** If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water. For

contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods. If material is

injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to drink unless

> directed to by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. If significant amounts are swallowed or irritation or discomfort occurs, seek

medical attention immediately.

**Notes to Physician** INGESTION: The viscosity range of the product(s) represented by this MSDS is greater than

100 SUS at 100°F. There is a low risk of aspiration upon ingestion Careful gastric lavage or

emesis may be considered to evacuate large quantities of material.

# SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA Flammability

Classification

NFPA Class-IIIB combustible material.

**Flash Point** Open cup: >150°C (>302°F) (Estimated).

Lower Flammable Limit No data. **Upper Flammable Limit** No data.

**Autoignition** 

Not available. **Temperature** 

**Products** 

Hazardous Combustion Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of

sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/or nitrogen.

**Special Properties** This material will release vapors when heated above the flash point temperature that can

> ignite when exposed to a source of ignition. In enclosed spaces, vapors can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays may burn at temperatures below the flash point.

**Extinguishing Media** Use dry chemical, foam, Carbon Dioxide or water fog. Water or foam may cause frothing.

Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon

dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.

**Protection of Fire** 

**Fighters** 

Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or

decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies.

# SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 and Disposal Considerations in Section 13 of this MSDS.

> Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

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# SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Avoid contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty

containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste

residues of this product.

Storage Keep container closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated

temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming,

recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations

of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash

station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.

**Personal Protective** Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which Equipment this material is used. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should

be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. The following pictograms represent the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. For

certain operations, additional PPE may be required.



Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in **Eye Protection** 

industrial settings. Wear goggles if splashing or spraying is anticipated. Wear goggles and

face shield if material is heated above 125°F (51°C). Have suitable eye wash water

available.

**Hand Protection** Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as heavy nitrile rubber if

frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat-protective gloves when handling

product at elevated temperatures.

**Body Protection** Use clean protective clothing if splashing or spraying conditions are present. Protective

clothing may include long-sleeve outer garment, apron, or lab coat. If significant contact occurs, remove oil-contaminated clothing as soon as possible and promptly shower. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Wear heat protective boots and

protective clothing when handling material at elevated temperatures.

The need for respiratory protection is not anticipated under normal use conditions and with **Respiratory Protection** 

adequate ventilation. If elevated airborne concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels are anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of

respirator used. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29

CFR 1910.134).

**General Comments** Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with

plenty of mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities, or leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners. Since specific exposure standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum

control guidelines.

Occupational Exposure Guidelines

Substance Applicable Workplace Exposure Levels

Oil Mist, Mineral ACGIH TLV (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). **OSHA PEL (United States).** TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (TYPICAL)** 

Physical StateLiquid.ColorBlue.OdorPetroleum.Specific Gravity0.89 (Water = 1)phNot applicableVapor>1 (Air = 1)

pecific Gravity 0.89 (Water = 1) pH Not applicable Vapor
Density

Boiling Range Not available. Melting/Freezing Not available.

Point

Vapor Pressure <0.01 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C) Volatility Negligible volatility.

Solubility in Very slightly soluble in cold water. (<0.1 % Viscosity 89

Water w/w) (cSt @ 40°C)

Flash Point Open cup: >150°C (>302°F) (Estimated).

Additional Gravity, <sup>o</sup>API (ASTM D287) = 27.6 @ 60° F

Properties Density = 7.41 Lbs/gal.

Properties

Density = 7.41 Lbs/gal.

Viscosity (ASTM D2161) = AP 420 SUS @ 100° F

**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 

Chemical Stability Stable. Hazardous Polymerization Not expected to occur.

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from extreme heat, strong acids and strong oxidizing conditions.

Materials Oxidizing materials.

Incompatibility

Hazardous No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than the combustion

**Decomposition** products identified in Section 5 of this MSDS. **Products** 

**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

For other health-related information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1 and the Hazards Identification in Section 3 of this MSDS.

#### **Toxicity Data**

# Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic :

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested. Analyses conducted by method IP 346 indicate that the concentration of DMSO extractables in this mineral oil is below 3.0 weight percent.

#### Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

#### Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

INHALATION (LC50) Acute: 9.6 mg/L (Female Rat). INHALATION (LC50) Acute: 10.5 mg/L (Male Rat).

DRAIZE EYE Acute: Non-irritating (Rabbit).

DRAIZE DERMAL Acute: Mild skin irritant (Rabbit). BUEHLER DERMAL Acute: Non-sensitizing (Guinea Pig).

28-Day DERMAL Sub-Chronic: Mild to moderate skin irritant (Rabbit & Rat).

A life-time dermal application of severely hydrotreated light naphthenic oils produced skin masses on mice which correlated with the skin irritation response levels of the test animals. Additional studies attribute these masses to a weak promotional activity. These studies indicate that light naphthenic oils are not mutagenic, tumor initiators nor complete chemical carcinogens. These materials have not been determined to be carcinogenic by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

# Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined light paraffinic:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested. Analyses conducted by method IP 346 indicate that the concentration of DMSO extractables in this mineral oil is below 3.0 weight percent.

# **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled,

this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can

be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

**Environmental Fate** An environmental fate analysis is not available for this specific product. Plants and animals

may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment. This material contains phosphorus which is a controlled element for disposal in effluent waters in most sections of North America. Phosphorus is known to enhance the formation of algae. Severe algae growth can reduce oxygen content in the

water possibly below levels necessary to support marine life.

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

Conditions of use may cause this material to become a "hazardous waste", as defined by federal or state regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues. Empty drums and pails retain residue. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose this product's empty container to heat, flame, or other ignition sources. DO NOT attempt to clean it. Empty drums and pails should be drained completely, properly bunged or sealed, and promptly sent to a reconditioner.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

The shipping description below may not represent requirements for all modes of transportation, shipping methods or locations outside of the United States.

**US DOT Status** Not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation as a hazardous material.

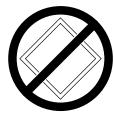
Proper Shipping Name Not regulated.

Hazard Class Not regulated. Packing Group(s) Not applicable.

**UN/NA Number** Not regulated.

**Reportable Quantity** A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for this material.

# Placard(s)



components were identified.

Emergency Response Guide No.

**MARPOL III Status** 

Not applicable.

Not a DOT "Marine Pollutant" per 49 CFR 171.8.

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**TSCA Inventory** This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

inventory.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning and Notification The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No

SARA 311/312 Hazard Identification

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories:

No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified.

SARA 313 Toxic Chemical Notification and Release Reporting This product contains the following components in concentrations above *de minimis* levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified.

**CERCLA** 

The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. Chemical substances present in this product or refinery stream that may be subject to this statute are:

Zinc and Zinc Compounds, Concentration: <1%

Clean Water Act (CWA)

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

California Proposition 65

This material may contain the following components which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the

requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): Toluene: <0.001%

Ethylbenzene: <0.001%

New Jersey Right-to-Know Label Petroleum Oil

**Additional Remarks** No additional regulatory remarks.

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Refer to the top of Page 1 for the HMIS and NFPA Hazard Ratings for this product.

#### **REVISION INFORMATION**

Version Number 2.0

Revision Date 4/26/2006

**Print Date** Printed on 4/26/2006.

**ABBREVIATIONS** 

AP: Approximately EQ: Equal >: Greater Than <: Less Than NA: Not Applicable ND: No Data NE: Not Established

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer NTP: National Toxicology Program

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NPCA: National Paint and Coating Manufacturers Association

NPCA: National Fire Protection Association

NPCA: National Fire Protection Association

NPCA: US Environmental Protection Agency

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\*\*\*\*\* END OF MSDS \*\*\*\*