



WAUWATOSA / IDC / NASHOTAH

				DATANDADLE:	LOTISTIKEVE
Section I. Ch	emical Product and Co	mpany Identification		STEEL	DORS,
Product Name/ Trade Name		EXPANDABLE NE - MODIFIED	CAS# DSL	Mixture On the DSL	10 03 . list.
Synonym	Foam Polystyrene ; 2288		In case of	Emergency	
Chemical Name	Expandable Polystyrene		1-800-561	-6682 (24 hours	,
Chemical Family	Plastic.		L .	-9300 (CHEMT 6-6666 (Canu	REC-USA) tec-Canada)(24
Chemical Formula	Mixture		hours)	•	
Manufacturer	NOVA Chemicals Inc. 400 Frankfort Road Monaca, PA 15061-2298	Material Uses Petrochemi	cal industry	: Plastics.	

Section II. Composition	218 Vin 1000 on 100000	(		
Name	CAS#	% hy Weight	TLV/PEL	LC; <sub>0</sub> /LD; <sub>0</sub>
Polystyrene homopolymer n-Pentane	9003-53-6 109-66-0 287-92-3	90-95 3-9 0-3	Not available. TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from OSHA [1992]. INHALATION TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH [1996]. INHALATION TWA: 600 (ppm) from	Not available. VAPOR (LC50)ppm; Acute: 123389 (Rat) (4 hour(s)).
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	0-3	OSHA [1992]. INHALATION TWA: 600 (ppm) from ACGIH [1992]. INHALATION TWA: 600 STEL: 900	ivot avallable.
Isopentane	78-78-4	0-3	(ppm) from Canada [1992]. INHALATION TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from OSHA	Not available.

Emergency Overview	Solid, white bead with slight hydrocarbon odour. Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks or heat. Slight eye irritant, skin irritant and respiratory irritant due to presence of blowing agent. Highly reactive with oxidizing agents. When heated to decomposition, product emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Slipping hazard.
Potential Acute Health Effects	Slightly hazardous to hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant). Ver slightly to slightly hazardous in case lung irritation. Non-corrosive for skin. Non-sensitizer for skin Non-permeator by skin. Non-hazardous in case of ingestion. Non-hazardous in case of inhalation This product may irritate eyes and skin upon contact.

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POLYSTYRENE -	MODIFIED GRADE
Potential Chronic Health	
Effects	Non-corrosive for skin. Non-sensitizer for skin. Non-permeator by skin. Non-hazardous in case of ingestion. Non-hazardous in case of inhalation.  CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified NONE [ 2288 DYLITE EPS MODIFIED/IUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Classified NONE by [ 2288 DYLITE EPS MODIFIED/IERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified NONE by [ 2288 DYLITE EPS MODIFIED]. The substance is not toxic to the reproductive system.

Section IV. First A	lid Measures
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. COLD water may be used. DO NOT use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Not normally expected to present a skin hazard. May cause skin irritation in sensitive individuals. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Hazardous Skin Contact	Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, performouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Not normally expected to present an ingestion hazard. If ingestion occurs, maintain an open airway and seek medical attention. Watch for an obstruction in the victim's mouth. Remove if possible but do not force fingers or a hard object between the victim's teeth. Seek medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not normally expected to present an ingestion hazard. If ingestion occurs, maintain an open airway and seek medical attention. Watch for an obstruction in the victim's mouth. Remove if possible, but do not force fingers or a hard object between the victim's teeth. Seek medical attention.
	1-800-561-6682 (24 hours)
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. After adequate first aid, no further treatment is require unless symptoms reappear. There is no specific antidote.

Flammability of the Product	May support combustion but does not meet combustible definition.
Auto-Ignition Temperatur	e 427°C (800.6°F)
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: -40°C (-40°F) (Tagliabue.) Blowing agent.
Flammable Limits	Not available.
Products of Combustion	carbon oxides (CO, CO2)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Extremely flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.  Highly flammable in presence of oxidizing materials.  Non-flammable in presence of shocks, of reducing materials, of combustible materials, of organimaterials, of metals, of acids, of alkalis, of moisture.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available.  No specific information is available in our database regarding the product's risks of explosion in the presence of various materials.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO2, water spray or foam.  LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.

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	MODIFIED GRADE
Special Remarks on Fire	Containers should be grounded. Dangerous fire and explosion risk. Vigourously supports
Hazards	combustion. When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Vapor matravel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Material emits flammable gases.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail.

Section VI. A	ccidental Release Measures
Small Spill	Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. Spille product may create a dangerous slipping hazard.
Large Spill	Flammable vapours released from spill. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Prevent entrinto sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Section VII. F	landling and Storage
Precautions	S2- Keep out of reach of children.
	S22- DO NOT breathe dust.
	S25- Avoid contact with eyes.
	S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Seek medical attention. S33- DO NOT use in presence of electrostatic discharges.
	S37- Wear suitable gloves.
	S40- To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use water.  S43- In case of fire, refer to the appropriate section in the Material Safety Data Sheet for thi product.
•	S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label.
Storage	Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep aware from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

Engineering Controls	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engeneering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, us ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.
Personal Protection	Splash goggles. Lab coat. Gloves (impervious). Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation i inadequate.
Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill	Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.
Exposure Limits	n-Pentane TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from OSHA [1992] INHALATION TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH [1996] INHALATION Cyclopentane TWA: 600 (ppm) from OSHA [1992] INHALATION TWA: 600 (ppm) from ACGIH [1992] INHALATION TWA: 600 STEL: 900 (ppm) from Canada [1992] INHALATION Isopentane TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH TWA: 600 STEL: 750 (ppm) from OSHA  Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.
Protection	PPE must not be considered a long term solution to exposure control. PPE must be accompanied be employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean, fit and use equipment. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

Section IX. Phys.	ical and Chemical Properties		
Physical state and	Solid. (Beads solid.)	Odor	Hydrocarbon (Slight.)
appearance		Taste	Not available
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.	ļ	,
pH (1% soln/water)	Not available.	Color	White. (Light.)
Boiling Point	Not available.		-
Melting Point	240°C (464°F) based on data for: Polys	tyrene homo	polymer.
Critical Temperature	Not available.	-	
Specific Gravity	1.05 (Water = 1)		
Vapor Pressure	400 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)		
Vapor Density	2.5 (Air = 1).		
Volatility	9 to 16% (v/v).		•
Odor Threshold	Not available.		
Evaporation rate	Not available,	·····	
Viscosity	Not available.	····	
Water/Oil Dist. Cneff.	The product is more soluble in oil.		
Ionicity (in Water)	Non-ionic.		
Dispersion Properties	Is not dispersed in cold water, hot water See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether		acetone.
Solubility	Soluble in methanol. Partially soluble in diethyl ether, n-octar Very slightly soluble in cold water, hot v		

Stability	The product is stable.
Instability Temperature	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	No additional remark.
Incompatibility with Various Substances	Highly reactive with oxidizing agents, organic materials.  Non-reactive with reducing agents, combustible materials, metals, acids, alkalis, moisture.
Corrosivity	Not considered to be corrosive for metals and glass according to our database.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Strong oxidizers can increase fire and explosion hazard. (Cyclopentane)
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	No additional remark.

Routes of Entry	Eye contact. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HO EXPOSURE.  Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): > 5000 ppm (Rat) (n-Pentane).
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified NONE ( 2288 DYLITE EPS MODIFIED).  MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Classified NONE by [ 2288 DYLITE EPS MODIFIED).  TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified NONE by [ 2288 DYLITE EPS MODIFIED].  The substance is not toxic to the reproductive system.

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Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Slightly hazardous to hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye con Non-corrosive for skin. Non-sensitizer for skin. Non-permeator by skin ingestion. Non-hazardous in case of inhalation.	
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	LD50-(Intravenous), Mouse - 446mg/kg (n-Pentane)	
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Neurotoxic effects and dermatitis. (n-Pentane)	
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Chemical damaging to lungs if aspirated. Exposure can cause nause a high concentrations. Causes dermatitis. (n-Pentane)	and headache. Narcotic in

Ecotoxicity	Not available,		
BOD5 and COD	Not available.		
Products of Biodegradation	Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.		
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	The products of degradation are as toxic as the original product.		
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Section XIII, D	isposal Considerations
Waste Disposal	Preferred disposal methods are: (1) clean and reuse if possible; (2) contact resin broker; (3) contact plastic recycler; (4) incinerate with waste heat recovery and/or (5) landfill. Reuse, recycling, storing transportation and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulation.

sport Information	
ADR CLASS 9	
Substances evolving flammable vapour.	

Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA): This product is on the Domest Substances List (DSL), and is acceptable for use under the provisions of CEPA.					
Other Classifications	HCS (USA) HCS CLASS: Irritating substance.  WHMIS (Canada) Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).					
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)  Reactivity Personal Protection  National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)  Specific hazard					

## DYLITE® EXPANDABLE POLYSTYRENE - MODIFIED GRADE

WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)



TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)



DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)



Protective Clothing (Pictograms)







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References

Not available.

Other Special Considerations CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. This product is not known to the State of California to cause cancer. CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA): This product is on the Domestic Substances List (DSL), and is acceptable for use under the provisions of CEPA. CERCLA/SUPERFUND, 40 CFR 117,302: This product contains no Reportable Quantity (RQ) Substances. CERCLA: SARA HAZARD CATEGORY: This product has been revised according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following category(ies): TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory. (Polystyrene homopolymer)

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