

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:

3-25% Carbon Dioxide / 75-97% Argon

TRADE NAME:

Shielding Gas Mixture (for welding processes)

FORMULA:

CO2/Ar

MANUFACTURER:

Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.

7201 Hamilton Boulevard Alientown, PA 18195-1501

PRODUCT INFORMATION:

1-800-752-1597

MSDS NUMBER: 1211

REVISION: 0

REVISION DATE: February 2000

REVIEW DATE: February 2000

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS								
COMPONENT	%	CAS NUMBER	OSHA EXPOSURE LIMITS	ACGIH EXPOSURE LIMITS				
Argon	75-97	7440-37-1	None	Simple Asphyxiant				
Carbon Dioxide	3-25	124-38-9	TWA = 5,000 ppm	TWA = 5,000 ppm				

SECTION 3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Shielding Gas Mixture is a nontoxic, odorless, colorless, nonflammable gas packaged in cylinders under high pressure. It can cause rapid suffocation when concentrations are sufficient to reduce oxygen levels below 19.5%. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be required. This mixture is heavier than air and may collect in low areas.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

(800) 523-9374 Continental U.S., Canada and Puerto Rico (610) 481-7711 other locations

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

INHALATION: Shielding Gas Mixture is nontoxic, but can reduce the amount of oxygen in the air necessary to support life. Exposure to oxygen-deficient atmospheres (less than 19.5%) may produce dizziness, nausea, vomiting, loss of consciousness, and death. At very low oxygen concentrations (less than 12%) unconsciousness and death may occur without warning.

EYE CONTACT: No adverse effect.

SKIN CONTACT: No adverse effect.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS OF REPEATED EXPOSURE:

ROUTE OF ENTRY: Inhalation TARGET ORGANS: None

SYMPTONS: None

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES:

Shielding Gas Mixture is nontoxic. The major hazard of exposure is the exclusion of an adequate supply of oxygen to the body necessary to support life.

CARCINOGENIC POTENTIAL: The components that make up Shielding Gas Mixture are not listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by NPT, IARC, or OSHA Subpart Z.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID

INHALATION: Remove person to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Obtain prompt medical attention. Quick removal from contaminated area is most important.

EYE CONTACT: No treatment necessary. **SKIN CONTACT:** No treatment necessary.

SECTION 5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION

FLASH POINT: Not Applicable AUTOIGNITION: Nonflammable FLAMMABLE LIMITS:

Nonflammable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Not applicable

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: None

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Cool cylinders with water spray. If possible, without risk, move cylinders away from fire area.

UNUSUAL HAZARDS: Upon exposure to intense heat or flame cylinder will vent rapidly and/or rupture violently. Most cylinders are designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperatures. Pressure in a container can build up due to heat and it may rupture if pressure relief devices should fail to function.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Evacuate all personnel from affected area. Increase ventilation to release area and monitor oxygen level. Use appropriate protective equipment (SCBA). If leak is from cylinder or cylinder valve, contact your supplier. If leak is in user's system, close cylinder valve and vent pressure before attempting repairs.

SECTION 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

STORAGE: Cylinders should be stored upright in a well-ventilated, secure area, protected from the weather. Storage area temperatures should not exceed 125 °F (52 °C) and area should be free of combustible materials. Storage should be away from heavily traveled areas and emergency exits. Avoid areas where salt or other corrosive materials are present. Valve protection caps and valve outlet seals should remain on cylinders not connected for use. Separate full from empty cylinders. Avoid excessive inventory and storage time. Use a first-in first-out system. Keep good inventory records.

HANDLING: Do not drag, roll, or slide cylinder. Use a sultable handtruck designed for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap. Secure cylinders at all times while in use. Use a pressure reducing regulator or separate control valve to safely discharge gas from cylinder. Use a check valve to prevent reverse flow into cylinder. Do not overheat cylinder to increase pressure or discharge rate. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve, discontinue use and contact supplier. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve causing a leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap-wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps.

Components in this mixture are compatible with all common materials of construction. Pressure requirements should be considered when selecting materials and designing systems.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: Always store and handle compressed gases in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (tel. 703-412-0900) pamphlet CGA P-1, *Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.* Local regulations may require specific equipment for storage or use.

SECTION 8. PERSONAL PROTECTION / EXPOSURE CONTROL

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide good ventilation and/or local exhaust to prevent accumulation of high concentrations of gas. Monitor oxygen levels in work area.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

EMERGENCY: Use SCBA or positive pressure air line with mask and escape pack in areas where oxygen concentration is < 19.5%. Air purifying respirators will not provide protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Leather work gloves for handling cylinders.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Colorless gas

	ARGON	CARBON DIOXIDE
BOILING POINT (1 atm)	-302.2 °F	-109.3 °F
FREEZING POINT	-308.79 °F	-69.97 °F
GAS DENSITY at 70 °F (1 atm)	0.103 lb/ft ³	0.1144 lb/ft ³
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (air = 1)	1.38	1.52
SPECIFIC VOLUME at 70 °F (1 atm)	9.71 ft ³ /lb	8.74 ft ³ /lb
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	39.95	44.01

SECTION 10. REACTIVITY / STABILITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None INCOMPATIBILITY: None

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Shielding Gas Mixture is nontoxic. Components in this mixture are simple asphyxiants.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Components in this mixture are found in the atmosphere. No adverse ecological effects are expected. This mixture does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone depleting chemicals. Components in this mixture are not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT (49 CFR 171).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL

UNUSED PRODUCT / EMPTY CONTAINER: Return container and unused product to supplier. Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities.

DISPOSAL: For emergency disposal, secure the cylinder and slowly discharge gas to the atmosphere in a well ventilated area or outdoors.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 2.2

DOT SHIPPING LABEL: Nonflammable Gas

DOT SHIPPING NAME: Compressed Gas, n.o.s. (argon, carbon dioxide)

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN 1956

DOT PLACARD (When required): Nonflammable Gas

REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): None

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION: Cylinders should be transported in a secure upright position in a

well ventilated truck. Never transport in passenger compartment of a vehicle.

Compressed gas cylinders shall not be refilled except by qualified producers of compressed gases. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with the owner's written consent is a violation of federal law.

NORTH AMERICAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK (NAERG): # 126

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 requires notification to the National Response Center of a release of quantities of hazardous substances equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 302.4.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity: None

SARA TITLE III: Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986

SECTIONS 302/304: Require emergency planning based on threshold planning quantities (TPQ) and release reporting based on reportable quantities (RQ) of EPA's extremely hazardous substances (40 CFR 355).

Components in this mixture are not listed as an extremely hazardous substance.

Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ): None

SECTIONS 311/312: Require submission of material safety data sheets (MSDSs) and chemical inventory reporting with identification of EPA defined hazard classes. The hazard classes for this product are:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH:

No

PRESSURE:

Yes

DELAYED HEALTH:

No

REACTIVITY:

No

FLAMMABLE:

No

SECTION 313: Requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372.

This mixture does not require reporting under Section 313.

TSCA - TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT:

Components in this mixture are listed on the TSCA inventory.

40 CFR PART 68: Risk Management for Chemical Accident Release Prevention. Requires the development and implementation of risk management programs at facilities that manufacture, use, store, or otherwise handle regulated substances in quantities that exceed specified thresholds.

Components in this mixture are not covered under this regulation.

OSHA - OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

29 CFR 1910.119: Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals. Requires facilities to develop a process safety management program based on Threshold Quantities (TQ) of highly hazardous chemicals.

Components in this mixture are not listed in Appendix A as highly hazardous chemicals.

STATE REGULATIONS

CALIFORNIA:

Proposition 65:

This product does NOT contain any listed substances which the State of

California requires warning under this statute.

SCAQMD Rule: VOC = Not Applicable

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HAZARD RATINGS:

NFPA RATINGS: HMIS RATINGS: HEALTH: 0 **HEALTH:** 0 FLAMMABILITY: 0 FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: O REACTIVITY: 0 SPECIAL: SA*

^{*}Compressed Gas Association recommendation to designate simple asphyxiant.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

31500-01

FILLER METALS AND WELDING RODS
APPROVED BY U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR "ESSENTIALLY SIMILAR" TO FORM LSB-005-4

SECTION I						REV:September 15, 1989		
MANUFACTURER'S NAME: OYTGOLS BRUKS AKTIEBOLAG					PHONE NO: +46 122 43040			
ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State and 2IP code): S-610 11 GRYTGOL								
TRADE NAME: WELD	MARK							
AWS CLASSIFICATION:	A.S. 18 Class ER 70S-4	5						
	SECTIO	N II HAZARDO	US INGREDIE	NTS				
COVERING OR FLUX	WT. 36	(UNITS)	Отне		T.%	TLV (1) (UNITS)		
		(======================================	Iron		7.5	5 mg/m² 2)		
			Mangapese	1	40 60	1 mg/m ¹ 2)		
		 	Silicon		.80	10 mg/m³ 3)		
			Ī		00			
			Copper	0	.10	0,1 mg/m ¹ 2)		
			Соррег	_ 0	,10	1,0 thg/m² 4)		
1) OSHA-American Confer	ause of Governmental	Industrial Hygie	niate 1989-90 ed	<u>. </u>				
2) As oxide furns								
3) Nutsiance 10 mg/m³ of to	tal dust							
4) Audust		-						
	. SE	CTION III PHY	SICAL DATA					
Not Applicable								
		TRE AND EXPI	OSION HAZA	RD DATA				
Welding are and sparks can i	spire combustible pro-	ducts.						
	SECTION V HE	alth hazard	DATA Septer	ubar 15,1989				
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOS	URE: Short term over	exponent to welc	ing funcs may	renult in dizzine	at' min	es or dryness or		
El min crivous de miner	irritation of no	es, throat or eyes			_			
EMERGENCY AND FIRST	AID PROCEDURES:	Remove to free!	air, Obtain me	dical attention.				
	ሮምብ	Than a na ca						
STABILITY	UNSTABLE	TION VI REAC	HALLA DVIV		1000 16	101D		
DIAMETI (STABLE		- x	CONDITION	TUA	<u>/UID</u>		
INCOMPATABILITY (Make								
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOS	THON PRODUCTS.							
HAZARDOUSE POLYMER								
THE THE POST OF TH	MON MON	<u> </u>						
	SECTION	VII SPILL OR L	EAR DEOCUE	7 TD T/Q				
Not Applicable		THERETORI	LAK I BUCH	UKES .				
S	ECTION VIII SPECL	AL PROTECTIO	N INFORMAT	ION (SEE NOT	E)			
RESPIRATORY PROTECTI	ON (SPECIFY TYPE	Not generally o	equired or in on	en well ventilate	d treat.	. Use weld fume		
respirator or air supplied resp	irstor when welding is	a confined space	where local exh	must said/or veer	ilation d	Soes not keep		
exposure below TLV:4 ()								
VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST:)	Desirable in semi	open areas to b	nip keep expon	res bek	w TLY:# 1)		
· [i	MECHANICAL (Gen	eral): Essential in	all areas where	natural vential	ion is no	n mfficient to keep		
		EXPOSURE	below TLV:s 1)		-		
EYE PROTECTION:	Wear welding belinet	with eye protecti	on lens shade 10	og durker.				
PROTECTIVE GLOVES: V	Walder's Protective G	loves						
OTHER PROTECTIVE BOU	IPMENT: Walder's k	ather protective	aprons, legging:	, booots, should	त ध्यप्रद	s, hard hats, screens		
	low reflect	ivity walls or bo	otha.					
	SECTIO	on ix special	PRECAUTION	us —				
Weld in well ventilated area.	Avoid inhalation of w	ciding fumes						
OTHER PRECAUTIONS: FO	r additional safety inf	constion on wel	ing and cutting	see American	Vational	Standards		
Z49.1-1973, Safety in Woldin	2 and Cutting, and the	i Welling Hawib	coic, Vol.1, Che	pter 9, Safe Pra	ctices in	Welding and Cutting		
Both svilable from 2501 N.W	. 7" suect, Miami, FL	.33125						